----IN PEARL AND BROWN-

At 98 cts. and \$1.47

Men's Black and Tan Half Hose, fast colors, 25c grade, 2 pairs for 25c.

This is the last week of our Special Sale \$11.97 of Men's \$15, \$16.50 and \$18 Suits for

Men's \$3.50, \$4 and \$5 Trousers for \$2.49

Boys' \$8 and \$10 Long Pant Suits for \$6.85 And Children's \$3.50 and \$4.00 Knee \$2.48
Pant Suits for

The When

Notion Department Novelties

"The Princess of Wales Belt"

Made of flexible gold-plated metal, covered with celluloid; self adjustable catch, no buckle, no worry, no belt pin. Comes in all possible shades.

THE POST BURNED OUT.

Two Pittsburg Dailies Suffer by \$60,

000 Sunday Fire.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 14.-The office of

the Post, on Fifth avenue, was almost

well insured. Loss on the building is no

way before the watchman discovered it.

cannot be known before to-morrow.

A GAVEL WITH A HISTORY.

It Is Made from a Tree Which Gree

at Washington's Birthplace.

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 14.-Vice Presi-

lent-elect Garret A. Hobart is the recipient

of a gavel made from wood grown on the

site of the house where Washington was

born. William J. Crawford, of Buffalo, is

Washington was born. After considerable

excavating the brick foundations of the

were found and uncovered. The space

within these walls, which had been the

cellar of the Washington home, was com-

pletely filled by the debris from the fire and

the accumulated earth of the last 160 years,

and almost in the exact center of the cellar

a sugar-nut tree had taken root and grown

to large proportions. As the government

desired to have the monument, which was

stand as near as possible the center of the

place on which had stood Washington's

nome, it was necessary that this tree should

be removed, to give place for the founda-

tion of the monument. As contractor for

the ground to personally superintend the

work, and this tree, a photograph of which

I send you, was removed in my presence

the gavel which I send you made and

"It seemed to me that you might con-

office as President of the United States

Senate, as the wood from which it is made

On each end of the head of the gavel is

a wide gold band bearing the following in-

scription: "This gavel is made from the

tree which grew within the cellar walls of

the house in which Washington was born,

at Wakefield, Va., burned in 1735. Presented to Garret A. Hobart, Vice President

of the United States, 1897, by William J.

ANNIE BESANT COMING.

Theosophical Auspices.

in California, under the guidance of Mrs.

EXPECTED CUT IN WAGES.

Pennsylvania Steel Company Posts

Ten-Per-Cent. Reduction.

works of the Pennsylvania Steel Company

duction affects about three thousand em-

he hoped the conditions would soon im-

ployes. President E. C. Felton said that

mounted in your 'standard metal.'

has so historic an origin.

to mark the birthplace of Washington,

house, which was destroyed by fire in 1735,

Extreme styles of Ladies' Collars and Cuffs, including the "MORTAR-BOARD."

Ladies' Ties of Woven Madras and Japanese Silk, new shapes, matching shirt-waist fabrics; very chic effects for small money. The Cluze Thumb Kid Gloves, "Finger Thumb Kid Glove Tip" Silk Glove (guarantee ticket with every pair).

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO.,

.. Importers, Jobbers Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc...

BIG 4 ROUTE

Washington, D. C., and Return

INAUGURATION OF

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY

ROUND TRIP \$16

Tickets will be sold March 1, 2 and 3, all good returning to leave Washington un-Trains via Big Four and C. & O. run as

Leave Indianapolis . 7:30 a. m. Leave Cincinnati12:01 noon Arrive Washington . 6:47 a. m. Leave Washington .. 2:20 p. m. 7:55 a. m. Indianapolis..11:40 a. m. Regular through sleepers on the 6:20 p.

m. train from Indianapolis and 2:20 p. m. train from Washington, daily. ecial through sleepers for the inauguration will leave Indianapolis on the 7:30 a. m. train March 1, 2 and 3.

For tickets and full information call at
Big Four offices, No. 1 East Washington street and Union Station H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

The C., H. & D. Ry Is the new Sleeping-car route to

Washington, D. C., for President McKinley's Inauguration

Two Daily Trains

and arrives Washington 6:47 a. m. Tickets and information at Union Station and 2 West Washington street, corner Meridian GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

The Popular

MONON ROUTE CHICAGO Time re- 43 HOURS

FOUR DAILY TRAINS

Leave Indianapolis-7:00 a. m., 11:50 a. m., Trains Arrive Indianapolis-3:30 a. m., 7:45 a. m., 2:35 p. m., 4:37 p. m. Local sleeper in Indianapolis ready at 8:30 p. n. Leaves Chicago, returning, at 2:45 a. m. Can be taken any time after 9:30 p. m. Ticket offices, 2 West Washington street, Union Station and Massachusetts-avenue Depot. GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

BEST: INVESTMENTS

BONDS

Parties having money to invest will find it to their advantage to call on or correspond with us. Amounts as desired, \$100 and up.

CAMPBELL, WILD & CO. 205 Indiana Trust Building.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS. Deformity Apparatus, Trusses, Elastic Hos-iery. Largest stock of Artificial Eyes in the State. Invalid Chairs of all kinds and accessories for the sick room. Trusses made and properly adjusted. Store open every Saturday WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO.

77 South Ulinois Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

LAST OF THE HARMONYITES.

The Society Numbers Less than a

Dozen, with Vast Property.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 13.-A great change in Society was made to-night, and John S. turning, will be told. Mrs. Besant comes Duss will be alone in the management of to the United States at the invitation of the affairs of the society. The death of tion-and will not, as reported, have any Gottlieb Reithmueller, the junior trustee, connection with the college for the study left a vacancy that could not well be filled | of the ancient mysteries to be established from the ranks of the society, which now numbers less than a dozen, only three of Katherine A. Tingley and her supporters. whom are men. The vast property of the society, extending for nearly five miles along the north bank of the Ohio river in Beaver county, and comprising more than three thousand acres of the finest farm land in Pennsylvania, is now to sole control of John S. Duss as trustee. The ninety-second anniversary of the Harmony Society will

celebrated on Monday in the town hall Sunday Shooting in Kentucky. GUTHRIE, Ky., Feb. 1s.-H. D. Day, a prominent society man of this place, was not this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock by Mac Talliaferro, It is said that Talliaferro was

lealous of Day's attention to his wife. The

ffair is deplored inasmuch as both par-

thes stood high in this community.

HEIGHTS ABOUT THE TOWN.

Prince George, Who Has Resigned as Governor, Hastily Takes Refuge on a Russian Man-of-War.

Warning from England that Greece Cannot Expect Assistance of the

CANEA, Island of Crete, Feb. 14. - The Christians occupied the heights surrounding the town this (Sunday) morning, and began to bombard Canea. As soon as the firing began Prince George Berovitch, Governor of Crete, with thirty recently enrolled Montenegrin gendarmes, boarded the Russian man-of-war. The Greek consul also embarked on board another vessel. The Turks from the fortress replied to the fire of the Christians. It is reported that the fighting was attended with bloodshed. The military went on board the Greek war ship Nauar-

The Christians at Heraklion are also hurrying on board the ships. Fighting occurred around Helepa Saturday. After a brisk fusillade the Turks dislodged the Christians and occupied Akroti hills. The French consul was obliged to quit his country house at Helepa and return to his official residence

A Greek war ship yesterday fired on a Turkish vessel conveying soldiers from Candia to Canea. As a result of Friday's scenes the embassadors decided to recommend to their respective governments that the powers occupy Canea, Retimo and Candia for the purpose of affording protection

totally destroyed by fire this morning. causing a loss to the paper of about \$60,000 The village of Helepa, the residence of the consuls, was in a state of great trepiyet known. The only other tenant in the dation yesterday (Saturday), owing to the building was Gleason, the railroad ticket broker, whose loss was small. The Comis stated, by Greek volunteers, assembled mercial Gazette, next door to the Post, was in great force on Akrotiri peninsula, made in danger, but good work by the firemen an advance in the neighborhood. The Helsaved that plant. The Commercial presses lenic flag, hoisted on the arrival of the and engine are for the time being disabled Greek war ships, was displayed on the sumby water in the cellar. The paper's edition mit of an adjoining hill. Also the members the families of the consular agents were fice. Both the Post and Commercial were transferred to the war ships. The Greek promptly tendered the use and service of machines, presses and offices of the other consulate was garrisoned, with an impresnewspapers in the city. The Post will be sive show of force, by native Christians and issued from the office of the Leader until a new plant can be established. The temporary business office of the Post will the Mohammedans from the vicinity of be on the first floor of the Carnegie build-Canea. The insurgents advanced yesterday ing. The fire which caused the trouble was (Saturday) toward the isthmus, connecta mysterious one, breaking out at about 8 o'clock, and had made a flue of the freight ing the peninsula with the main land and elevator shaft, getting under a big headengaged the Turkish artillery throughout the afternoon. The Mohammedans at Canea It is supposed that the electric wires are responsible for the conflagration. The were in a state of extreme excitement, and flames shot up the elevator shaft from the first floor and in a very short time had consulates at Canea special precautions communicated to the entire building, which was soon beyond hope of being saved. On the fourth floor was the composing room, sul. The archives were packed and ready where the linotype machines, ten in numfor removal before daylight. About 460 ber, were all so badly damaged that they bashi-bazoucks and a company of regulars will have to be rebuilt. Type and other hurried out from Canea and attacked the material were also a complete loss. In the editorial rooms, on the third floor, the nally repulsed and pursued into the complete files of the paper were destroyed interior of the peninsula. Subsequently the and everything in the room drenched with bishop of Canea invoked the aid of the conwater or consumed by the flames. The suls with a view to the establishment of the business office is a wreck. The large safe armistice, but practical difficulties were in broke through the floor and crashed down the way of intervention. It is reported toon one of the presses which was immedinight (Sunday) that the Christians have ately under it, in the basement. What succeeded in making a stand and that they damage the safe and press have sustained now maintain their position. Heraklion is now more quiet, as a large Loss on the building, which belonged to the J. N. McCullough estate, will be \$25,000; proportion of the Christian population has embarked on board the men-of-war and departed from the city.

The Governor has demanded a written assurance from the consuls that the Greek fleet is not to molest the transport conveying troops to Sitia. This transport was compelled to return Friday by the firing from a Greek war ship. This assurance was given by the British vice consul and by Captain Grenfeld, of the turret ship Traromised the Governor to prevent the Greek war ship from bombarding the town, providing the Mohammedan population would abstain from acts of violence. Her Majesty's steamships Rodney and Dragon have

the donor. The gift was accompanied by The Turkish troop ship which arrived to day (Sunday) has just put out to sea, sued by the Greek transport Mykale, "In March of last year the War Depart-Ibrahim Pasha, the military governor, has ment sent a civil engineer to Wakefield, Westmoreland county, Va., to find, if possi-ble, the exact site of the house in which resigned.

GLADSTONE WITH GREECE. Prays for Her Success, but Says the

Powers Cannot Help Her. LONDON, Feb. 15 .- In response to a request from the editors of the Chronicle asking him to send a message of hope to Greece, Mr. Gladstone has wired the Chron-

icle from Cannes as follows: "I dare not stimulate Greece when we cannot help her, but I shall profoundly rejoice in her success. I hope the powers will recollect that

they have their own character to redeem.' The Athens correspondent of the Standthe erection of this monument, I was on ard announces that the corps for Crete consists of 1,500 men commanded by Colone: Vassos, the King's chief aid-de-camp. This and from a piece of the wood I have had corps has already been styled the "army of occupation." Another dispatch to the Standard from Athens says that represider it fitting to use this gavel in your sentatives of the powers have sent a collective note to the Grecian government deploring the provocative character of its action and disclaiming all responsibility. The Times in an editorial warns Greece to the effect that that country must not think that it can count on the support of the powers to wage war. With her limited resources dependence on the powers makes it necessary for her to prosecute the war. and she is not capable of sustaining war alone. Had the Greek troops made a descent on the city of Canea, the Times thinks it might have been impossible to prevent war. As it is the decision of the powers to accept responsibility, by their occupation of Canea, Retimo and Heraklion Will Make a Six Months' Tour Under should induce Greece to countermand her military expedition. A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says that the embassadors admit the situation is embar-NEW YORK, Feb. 14.-Annie Besant, the rassing because Greece forms a link be theosophist, will arrive in New York early tween the Cretan and Macedonian difficulties, so that in whatever way Greece is in March. She will remain in this country treated, in the one, a counter-blast is set up in the other. Another dispatch to the all the larger cities. Her lectures will be Times from Constantinople says that the devoted to the exposition of theosophy and creased by a hundred thousand men. It is some of her experiences of her journey also reported that the Sultan goes to Constantinople by water Wednesday in the midst of the observance of Ramazan for the purpose of avoiding a long drive through the narrow streets.

A dispatch to the Times from Brussels asserts that representatives of the powers representatives have applied to Belgium and Austria to provide an officer capable of taking command of the Cretan gendarmerie. The name of a Belgian officer disinguished in the Congo campaigns and a Dutch officer have been submitted. The Times, in its editorial columns, also suggests that the best solution of the troubles in Crete would be to give Crete au-

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 14.-Notice of a | who would have no control over either the | K. C. B., son of Charles Milner, M. D., 10 per cent. reduction was posted at the civil or military administration. A dis-born in 1854, educated at Balliol, Oxford works of the Pennsylvania Steel Company patch to the Times from Sebastopol says (B. A. 1887, M. A. 1879); bar, Inner Temple, the troops have been sent to Reni, Bederi 1881; was principal private secretary to the and Ismaili, and that reinforcements have been dispatched to Kars and other places along the Russian-Turkish frontier. The correspondent of the Standard at been chairman for the Board of Internal prove so as to warrant a restoration of the Constantinople says that the Sultan ex. Revenue; unsuccessfully contested Middle-

provocative attitude, it is probable that the Macedonian army corps will be ordered to cross the frontier. Another Constantinople report to the Standard is to the effect that the entire Christian population of Crete is under arms, while the Turks only hold three towns. This report asserts that unless reinforcements arrive soon rebellion is bound to triumph. A dispatch to the Telegraph from St. Petersburg says that the Odessa military division is massing 30,000 Cossaeks with a view to possible difficulties arising in the

GREEK TROOPS FOR CRETE. Grecian Forces Embarked Amid Stir-

ring Military Scenes. ATHENS, Feb. 14.-It is evident that the Grecian government has taken a serious step in sending troops to Crete for the purpose of protecting the Christians. A force consisting of a regiment of infantry, battery and artillery embarked at Piraeus yesterday on board the three steamers. There was a scene of great enthusiasm before the departure of the troops. Crown Prince Constantine, the Duke of Sparta, reviewed the men and addressing them said: "Officers and men, remember where you are go-

ing and that you are Hellenes." The troops then marched past in the presence of the Queen, the crown princess and an immense crowd. The crown prince, with his staff, was at the head of the men and the populace cheering. Similar scenes of enthusiasm were also witnessed during the embarkation of the soldiers. The arrival of the transports has already been reported from the Island of Milo. The troops continued on their voyage immediately, and it was expected that they would reach Canea to-day. It is rumored that they will virtually occupy the island without delay. All the Grecian newspapers hail the departure of the troops with expressions of delight. There is much activity at the pal-King George personally directing affairs connected with the crisis. Prince Nicholas has started for Larissa. Thessalia, with the Third Artillery Regiment. It is stated that the British admiral commanding in the Cretan waters has or- proposition goes further than that did and

Athens met at the French legation for the believed that they decided to address further representations to the Grecian government, which, replying to their recent statements declared that the government, having full knowledge of the situation, has to be the crowning feature of the incoming not hesitated to assume the whole responsibility for the measures it had taken. The reserves of 1893-4 classes have been called Grecian officers starting for Crete. who, having been recalled at the last moment and ordered to rejoin their regiments. have resigned their commissions and issued a manifesto explaining that they are leaving the army in order to fight for the freedom of their brethren in Crete.

The report is current at Canea that the Turkish authorities, considering that resistance to the cause of the Christians in Crete is hopeless, have requested the forign commanders to occupy the town. The commanders of the men-of-war have referred the subject matter to their respective governments and asked for instructions. A Greek steamer arrived at the Island of Syria last night with 1,800 refugees who left Candia on the advice of the commander of the Greek war ship and the foreign con-

The Greek vessel Mykale brought news from Syria that the Mussulman beys at Canea tried to embark on the Austrian Lloyd steamer with their families, but the Mussulman populace prevented them from leaving as planned. According to Asty, the Mussulmans have placed three guns i front of Halepa. Other telegrams received Athens confirm the reports that the Mussulmans made a sortie upon Canea. the regular troops being followed by thousand Mussulmans. The troops had four guns, and the battle lasted until evening.

Prince George's Resignation. LONDON, Feb. 15.-A dispatch to the Times from Canea, dated Sunday night,

says that the resignation of Prince George Berovitch, Governor of Crete, has already been accepted, and he departed yesterday (Sunday) afternoon on board the Austrian Lloyd steamer for Trieste. Despite the oflieve that he left his post without the Sulsuls representing the powers, he only stated that he had tendered his resignation,

shown a lamentable lack of courage during the recent troubles, according to the Canea correspondent of the Times. He practically abandoned the direction of affairs at a critical moment. It must, in all fairness, be said that the task imposed on him was one of extraordinary difficulty. Without gendarmes, without law courts, opposed military subordinates, thwarted in Constantinople and harassed by his administrative council. he had no means to make ais authority respected. It must also be borne in mind that the sudden disappearance of Turkish officials is often due to The position of the next ccult influences. overnor will not be enviable. According to another dispatch to Times from Canea, the Greek consul, with his staff, boarded the Greek ironclad Hydra, after placing the refugees at the conconsul, who told them to board the Greek war ships. Up to the present time, however, the refugees remain at the British onsulate. The closing of the Greek con-

sular offices seems to indicate a definite nd Turkey. The captain of the Greek war ship off lerakijon has threatened to bombard the town if the Mohammedans commit any utrages in that vicinity. The Russian and French admirals have received identical instructions enjoining on them the adoption f energetic measures. This is probably in ccordance with the English proposals which the embassadors at Constantinople agreed on, namely, the joint naval occupation of Canea. Retimo and Heraklion, the emoval of the Greek fleet and the prohib!on of the dispatching of Turkish reinorcements to the Island of Crete.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Rome says that the Greek minister there asserts that the troops which left Athens had exoress and unconditional orders to occupy A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Berlin says that Greece has purchased 100,000 rifles from the Leuttich factory in Belgium.

French Ministry Aroused. PARIS. Feb. 14. - M. Hanotaux, the French minister for foreign affairs, this afternoon conferred with the foreign embassadors and with Admiral Besnard, the French minister for marine, regarding the

situation in Crete. It was reported here to-day that the French cruiser Admiral Charner and the Russian cruisers have arrived at Canea. The Kaiser Taking Some Action. BERLIN, Feb. 14.-Emperor William drove to the residence of Prince Von Hohenlehe this afternoon. He received a

engthy report from the chancellor and afterwards visited the embassadors of Russia. Austria and England, all of whom later called at the Foreign Office. Naval Commanders Instructed. CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 14.-It is stated that the powers have agreed to instruct the naval commanders at Crete to prevent any act of aggression. The commanders

action, and will be permitted to take the initiative if necessary. REDMOND HOME AGAIN.

The Parnellite Member Welcomed by

are allowed a certain amount of liberty of

a Big Gathering. LONDON, Feb. 14.-The Parnellite member from the Waterford district, Hon. John E. Redmond, M. P., who recently paid a visit to America, arrived at Dunslin this evening. He was escorted to the National Club by a torchlight procession, and upon his arrival there made a speech upon Irish questions to the large crowd that assem-

New Cape Colony Governor. LONDON, Feb. 14.-Sir Alfred Milner has to succeed Lord Rosemead, better known as tonomy under the nominal rule of the Sul- Sir Herculeas Robinson, who resigned on tan, who would receive a fixed tribute, but account of ill health. Sir Edward Milner, chancellor of execuquer (Right Hon. G. J. Goschen, 1887-9, and secretary for finance in Egypt in 1889-92, since which time he has results of the collapse of the steel-rail pool. treme measures, but if Greece persists in a of England in Egypt.

SECRET OF DEFEAT OF THE LATE ARBITRATION AGREEMENT.

with Scheme to Set Aside Clayton-Bulwer Treaty.

SENATOR TELLER EXPLAINS

PRESENT SESSION TOO SHORT CONSIDER THE AGREEMENT.

Looking to Protection for America in Nicaragua Canal.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.-Behind the defeat of the arbitration treaty there lurks a project for a revival of the treaty pending when Cleveland went into the White House the first time and which he withdrew at once-a treaty which established a United States protectorate over the route of the Nicaragua canal and paved the way to the immediate digging of the great commercial way under government control. The new ident-elect. The construction of the Nicaragua canal as a distinctly American enterprise has long been the demand of milcanal thus fortified probably is very likely

administration's "foreign policy." Senator Teller was asked to-day to furnish the press with a statement of the reasons for asking a postponement of Anglo-American arbitration treaty, and in response prepared the following signed ar-

"There has been a good deal of criticism of the Senate because it does not at once ratify the treaty of arbitration between the United States and Great Britain by hose who apparently forget that the executive department has been about four ears negociating it. By the Constitution of the United States the Senate is made a part of the treatymaking power. The fatners of the Repubic, jealous of executive power, were not willing that the President should negotiate treaties alone, so they provided that the President 'shall have power by the advice and consent of the Senate to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur.' The treaty, then, is the act of the President and the Senate. It is quite apaction of the Senate should be a mere perfunctory duty and that the requirement of a two-tnirds majority was inserted because the framers of the Constitution were impressed with the importance of treaty-mak-

which creates treaties, it cannot rid itself of the responsibility of seeing that they are properly made. It is as incumbent of us to give treaties due consideration as on the executive to do so. We heard no complaint of the delay on the part of the executive department, but no sooner did the treaty, reach the Senate than there was a demand for immediat; action by the Senate. The Senate, being charged with this duty of advising in the construction of a | the terms of the general agreement. treaty, cannot transfer that duty to the President or any one else. The friends of the treaty in the Senate all admit that it must be amended and the committee on oreign relations has recommended certain amendments which will, without doubt, be adopted. But what will be the condition of the treaty if the friends of it do not agree as to the purport of the proposed amendments? Some of them assert that each controverted question for consideration by the arbiters must be acted on by the Senite and the House of Representatives before the question can go before the arbitration tribunal. If this view is correct we will be required to make a new treaty or agreement on each question, as it arises, and have the assent not of the Senate alone, but of the House also, and instead of having removed causes of disagreement and friction between the two governments it will be found we have multiplied the causes of dispute and delayed the determin-

ation of controverted questions. "If the treaty does not require action on the part of Congress, as some contend it does not, then we are leaving the question whether the subject of controversy shall It is true we put limitations of an indefinite character on the executive in providing that he must not arbitrate a question 'affecting our foreign or domestic policy,' but if the President thinks such submission does not affect that policy he cannot be rupture of the relations between Greece | held responsible for his set if he makes a

> important a question as to who has the If we attempt to submit a given question to arbitration through the agency of Con-Great ought to have been submitted through and by the President create friction not only among our own people, but between this country and Great Britain as well. If the Presi dent assumes that he alone must determine what subject of dispute must be submitted and Congress assumes jurisdiction over the matter, then we have a home difficulty and a foreign one at the same time. The treaty is not capable of self-execution, and there must be legislation to carry it into execution. Congress must fix the term of the two arbitrators to be appointed on our part, and also determine their compensation. This cannot be done at this session of Congress. The treaty ought to go over and be carefully examined by the committee that has already prepared sundry amendments and by the Senate when other matters are not pressing on that body. It is almost impossible at this late period of the session to give a matter of this kine that serious attention which it requires. There can be no doubt that the great body of the people of the United States favors arbitration, but the fact does not remove the necessity of care in the preparation of a treaty to carry out that idea. If the treaty is carelessly made and there is difficulty in determining what ought to be submitted, or a feeling, after the treaty goes into effect doubt should be aroused as to the fairness of its operation, the people will be prejudiced against the principle of arbitration, so that instead of promoting the cause of arbitration we may destroy it by hasty action.

> "Personally I am decidedly in favor of arbitration of all questions that can be arbitrated, but this is no reason why I should join in ratifying a treaty that lacks the greatest essentials of a treaty-certainit will be, it will be ratified. I regret that the agreement has not been considered in open Senate, so that the people could see

A \$3,000,000 PROJECT. Company Organized to Complete the

St. Mary's Canal.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 14.-Charles E. S.

Osborne, of Sault Ste. Marie, state game and fish warden, has returned from Washington with the information that a company has been organized to complete the canal of the St. Mary's Falls Water Power ship-building firm of Philadelphia, the Chi-

syndicate is getting ready to let contracts this spring for the completion of their canal with a sixty thousand horse power

The St. Mary's Falls Water Power Company secured control of the water power on the Canadian side and began operations in 1886, but the enterprise has never reached a successful status.

OHIO MURDERER CAUGHT.

Escaped from Toledo Jail After Killing a Night Officer.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 14.-Harry Davis, charged with the murder of Night Officer Joseph Baker, at North Baltimore, O., June 21, 1896, has been arested in this city. He is said to be the last member of the Stratton gang of postoffice robbers. Officer Baker discovered Davis, Bob Curry and Doc Lee in the act of robbing the North Baltimore postoffice. They killed him, but were captured. Davis escaped from the Toledo jail through the connivance of turnkeys. Curry and Lee were tried, convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for life Davis was betrayed to the police of Denver by his youngest brother, Guy, with whom he had been traveling through the South and in Mexico since his escape. They arrived in Denver a week ago.

HARVARD AND YALE SIGN THE PRE-PARED ATHLETIC AGREEMENT.

Complete Reconciliation of the Two Colleges, and Students at Both Places Are Jubilant.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 14.-Harvard and Yale have at last signed a definite treaty and a complete athletic reconcilia- of this rottenness. The jury in the Evans tion has been effected. Walter Camp and and Crum case brought in its verdict about William A. Brooks, jr., drew up the agree- 6 o'clock this evening, and the finding is until this noon. It provides for baseball, in the penitentiary, pay a \$1,000 fine and be football and track athletics, to be agreed to disfrancised for five years. Crum is to by the undergraduate members, and for an arbitration committee in case of a disagree- | franchised for three years. ment. As to the boat race this year, Cornell appears to hold the key to the situation. The text of the agreement is as fol-

Harvard athletic committee and the Yale athletic management that there shall be ball and track athletics between the representative organizations of Yale and Harvard, beginning March 1, 1897, and ending March 1, 1902, the details of these con- details, under oath, the conversation with tests to be left to the managers and cap- these lawyers and the plans they laid to "It is also agreed that all contests, with

the exception of rowing, shall take place on college grounds, and the net gate receipts a meeting of the Bar Association was called shall be equally divided between the two contesting organizations. This agreement is conditional on the appointment on or before April 1, 1897, of a | tion was adopted offering the court the committee to consist of one graduate of each university, to whom shall be referred

all disagreements in any way relating to athletics and all questions of eligibility. The | tent every man conected with the scandal. decision of the committee is to be final. "In case of a disagreement between the members of the committee, it shall have tle the particular question in dispute. "Exceptions to Clause 1-Owing to Harvard's present boating arrangement, Yale is willing to make a third party in the Har- men the first time will be brought before vard-Cornell race at Poughkeepsie in 1897, if Harvard so arranges. Yale is to be definitely informed of the decision regarding the date of the race on or before March 1, | ing a hand in the affair. If the race of 1897 is arranged, Yale is to have the privilege of naming either Poughkeepsie or New London for the race 1898, the races of the succeeding years

the general agreement, and the place the races of 1808 shall then be governed by "W. A. BROOKS, JR. "WALTER CAMP, JR. The signing of the agreement puts an ceived everywhere with great relief. The plan is practically that which Harvard presented to Yale months ago, but which, without being actually refused, was strongly objected to. Every one in Cambridge is When I took charge of affairs a few days ago, at Captain Baney's request, I believed that the feeling at Yale not to row Cornell

put off meeting Harvard another year, we Dr. Brooks said that Harvard's position had not changed in the last month, and the same agreement was sent to Yale six weeks ago. The agreement with Yale will not affect agreements with other college nor prevent a boat race with Cornell in the following years. It is understood that the first baseball game will be played in Cambridge on June 25, which is the day before class day, with the second at New Haven on June 30. If a third game is necessary it will be played a week later. The track athletic games will occur at New Haven

Harvard-Yale Agreement. BOSTON, Feb. 14.-Dr. William Brooks, of Harvard College, at 2 o'clock this morning stated that a five-year agreement covering all sports between Yale and Harvard colleges, had been prepared and would un-dcubtedly be signed by Mr. Camp, representing Yale and himself, representing

UNDER \$10,000 BONDS.

Predicament in Which Turkish Consul General Finds Himself. NEW YORK, Feb. 14.-Joseph A. Iasigi,

Turkish consul general at Boston, who was arrested here Saturday night, at the request of Boston officers, was held to-day in \$10,000 bail until to-morrow, when General Francis Peabody, jr., the complainant, will low who had better be let alone. This lawreach here from Boston. The consul gen- | yer, according to the same source, voucheral is charged with embezzling \$8,000 from Peter Charles Lesxieux and \$250,000 is said o be involved. Iasigi is trustee of the At midnight Mr. Iasigi was locked up,

having failed to secure a bondsman. A Boston Sensation.

BOSTON. Mass., Feb. 14.-The arrest in New York last night of Joseph Iasigi, Turkish consul in this city, on a charge of embezzlement, has caused a tremendous sensation in this city, especially in the society where he and his wife were prominent. The criminal proceedings were instituted on Fri- | grand jury on Tuesday. day after the counsel for the Derieux heirs, whose funds it is claimed he embezzled, had endeavored to obtain an accounting from lasigi in the civil courts. General Francis Peabody, who is acting as counsel for the Derieux heirs, who re- | ing people for small amounts. The insurcaused because Iasigi failed to produce \$250,- when the prison confronted him, but he 000 worth of securities which he held. I escaped conviction, He lived at Shelbyville have positive and convincing proof in sup- and there wrote a number of policies in a port of the charge of embezzlement of these

The Derieux fortune amounted to about \$300,000 or \$400,000 when, in 1849, the testator died. Joseph Iasigi, the Armenian father of Joseph A, who amassed \$800,000 fortune in the Oriental trade in Boston, was made trustee of the estate. When the eldest lasigi died. Oscar, his son, succeeded to the trusteeship as well as to the consul generalship of Turkey. Oscar was drowned eight years ago, and Joseph A. succeeded him. Everything went well until last April, at which time, it is said, lasigi ceased to remit the income, and a demand for an accounting and an exhibition of the securities failing to receive a satisfactory account, the arrest followed.

Magowan Is Deposed.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 14.-Ex-Mayor Frank A. Magowan has been deposed from the presidency of two of the companies of which he was the head. Gen. William H. Sturm was elected to succeed him as president of the Empire Rubber Company and ufactured money which was distributed to George R. Cook was made the head of the purchasers through its agents over the Trenton Oilcloth Company in Magowan's country. For \$1,000 in lawful money, \$5,000

WHOLESALE BRIBERY IN CONNEC-TION WITH GREEN-GOODS CASE.

Banker Evans, of Joresboro, and J. W. Crum to Receive Prison Sentences

tor Swindling a Farmer.

ENTIRE LEGAL BAR AROUSED

FIVE LAWYERS CHARGED WITH AT-TEMPTING TO BUY THE JURY.

Grief Matthews, Employed to Bribe Veniremen, Makes a Confession-Prominent People Implicated.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARION, Ind., Feb. 14.-The return of the jury to-night in the case of Banker John C. Evans, of Jonesboro, and J. W. Crum, an insurance man of Marion, fixing the punishment of both for swindling Farmer Alfred Maines, is scarcely a wave in the sensation that is to arise out of this noted case. Jury bribery and corruption, involving a dozen prominent men of the county, is to be investigated and the entire Marion bar has offered its services to the court to assist in purging the county serve three years, pay a \$50 fine and be dis-

The stubborn fight of these two men to keep out of prison began before the first jury to try their case was impaneled, and the desperate means of bribery were em-"It is hereby agreed by and between the | ployed. Grief Matthews, the man who was employed to fix the prospective jurors, is annual contests in rowing, tootball, base- now in jail, and on Saturday he made a startling confesion in which he implicates four well-known attorneys of this city, and thwart the ends of justice. This confession, becoming generally known at Marion, in the evening and the document, which is now before the court, was read. A resoluservices of the Bar Asosciation in probing the case and prosecuting to the fullest ex-There will be a special session of the grand jury on Tuesday and a special prosecutor the power to call on a third person to set- | will appear before it to push the investigation. Every man whose name appeared on the special venire ordered to try the two the grand jury, together with prominent men of this city who are suspected of hav-

Eyans and Crum, the convicted men, were charged with selling a package of green goods to Farmer Haines last August, after be governed by the main body of the having obtained from him \$1,000 in cash agreement. If the race of 1897 is not arand a \$4,000 note, for which consideration ranged, that failure shall in no wise affect \$15,000 in money alleged to be made from stolen government plates was to be turned over. As in all like cases, the farmer found a few pounds of brown paper the result of his investment. The next day he secured the indictment of the two swindlers. Their trial was set for last Monday, but before it had progresed two days Juror Culbertson was stricken with heart disease and this trial collapsed. Joseph Kem, one of the veniremen, who was not chosen as a juror, Walter Camp said to-night: charged that Grief Matthews had offered him \$50 to hang the jury in case he be came a member of it. Matthews was arrestwas practically unanimous, but rather than ed, a new jury in the meantime having bees impaneled on account of the illness of Juror

> MATTHEWS'S CONFESSION. Last Saturday Matthews weakened and

to his attorney made a confession after subscribing to it under oath. In this he says he was solicited by Evans and Crum last summer to purchase green goods, but declined. When Alfred Haires made his complaint against the two men, Evans and Crum employed Matthews to look after the jurors, asking him to see men whose names appeared on the venire. Matthews states in his confession that the two men took him to a law office where four attornews were gathered and there the entire party went over the list of veniremen, Matthews being given the names of those whom he was to visit. Among these names was that of Joseph Kem, who was to be offered \$50 to hang the jury. Kem is the man who afterwards made the charge against Matthews. The confession states that Zachariah Friermood was another of the veniremen to be influenced, through his cousin Mark Friermood. Matthews reported this juror "all right." Matthews further adds

that he reported Frank Ladd, another of the veniremen, "all right." The confession s on and details the alleged conversation b tween the attorneys and Matthews, Crum and Evans, quoting one of the lawyers as saying that Friermood was a stubborn felsafed the information that Ladd was a man anybody might approach. Matthews claims that two of these lawyers detailed He also says that the fourth attorney told him he had better put in considerable time with members of the regular jury panel, as several of this panel would probably found on the jury to try the green goods men. If he found he could do nothing with the regular panel then he could devote his entire time to the special veniremen. It seems that Evans and Crum had a dozen prominent men on the heels of the deputy the veniremen and these citizens will be among those called upon to talk to the

The conviction of Evans and Crum is received here with favorable comment. The former was, at the time of his arrest, president of the State Bank of Jonesboro, while Crum was the Marion agent for the Metroolitan Life Insurance Company of New York, which makes a specialty of insur-"The arrest was | ance man had a close call some time ago, mythical fire insurance company. He was coming prosperous till a fire brought an end to his operations. The exposure of this swindle led him to seek other fields and he moved to Marion, where he made the

acquaintance of Banker Evans. THE GREEN GOODS GAME. riage. One Sunday in August the two swindlers drove out to Haines's place, near Coronado, and spent the day with the farmer, unfolding a scheme whereby the trio could grow rich at a rapid pace. The farmer is a man of considerable means, having property worth perhaps \$50,000. Evans told him that the Metropolitan Incurrency plates that had been stolen from

showed him, that the government would

cago Gas Company and others, which are stead. Both changes were made by the re- of the spurious stuff would be given. It to locate the works on the new canal. The spective board of directors of the com- was shown that there was absolutely no Cramps propose to establish a lake ship- panies. In each instance the old board was danger of detection, as the government has building industry at the falls. There are re-elected, including Magowan. The East- issued vast sums of money from these interested in the project the Shipley Trust ern and Trenton Rubber Companies, both plates before they were stolen, and that Company and various Chicago and Phila- of which had Magowan as president, have it was, therefore, impossible for anyone to delphia capitalists, who are now more or not had elections, owing, it is understood, detect the good money from the bad. Mr. old wages. The reduction is one of the presses an unwillingness to proceed to ex- sex, Harrow division (Liberal), 1887; author less concerned in the Lake Superior Power to inability of the directors to get Magowan Haines could readily see, just as they Company on the Canadian side. The new to call a meeting.